BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, DWARKA

CLASS - VII

SUBJECT- ENGLISH

SAMPLE PAPER

Time : 2.5 hrs   **Maximum Marks :60**

General Instructions:

(i) *Question paper comprises of three Sections – A, B, and C. All questions are compulsory.*

(ii) **Section A** *– Reading*

(iii) **Section B** *– Grammar and Writing*

(iv) **Section C** *- Literature*

(v) Attempt questions based on specific instructions given for each part.

SECTION-A (READING)

Q1. Read the following passages carefully: **(8)**

A landowner was gifted a roast chicken and a bottle of fruit juice by a farmer. The landowner called his servant and told him to take the farmer's gift to his house. Knowing how crafty the servant was, he explained to him that under the cloth, there was a live bird and also a bottle of poison. He advised him not to uncover the gift on the way, for if he did so, the bird would fly away and even the smell of the poison in the bottle would be enough to kill him.

The servant, knowing his masters only too well, found a cozy corner, and not only ate the roasted chicken, but also drank the delicious juice in the bottle to the last drop.

When, at lunch time, the landowner went to his house, he asked his wife to bring him food. His wife asked him to wait as the meal was not yet cooked. The landowner thinking of the farmer's gift, said to his wife that the chicken and the juice which he had sent through the servant would be good enough.

He was shocked and angry when his wife told him that she had not seen the servant since morning.

Without loosing a minute, the landowner ran back to his place of work, and there he found his servant fast asleep .He shouted at the servant to wake him up. Then he angrily enquired about the farmer's gift.

The servant said, "Oh master, on the way to your house a strong wind blew away the cloth which covered the bird and it flew off. I was afraid you would punish me, so I drank the poison which was in the bottle." "And now." The servant continued, "I am lying down here waiting for death to come."

1. **Complete the following sentences:**

(a) The landowner knew about_____

(i)the servant's foolishness (ii) the servant's cleverness (iii)the servant's trickery (iv) the chicken being alive

(b)The servant was_____ (clever than landowner / foolish to drink the poison/ not as clever as the landowner / angry at his master)

(c) 'would be good enough' means_____(very good to eat / unsatisfactory / would be enough to satisfaction / the roast chicken was tasty)

(d) **State True / False :** The servant knew his master real.

(e) **Write the synonym of :** delicious

(f) **Write the antonym of** : last

(g)The landowner ran back to his place to work to _____

(h) The servant said that he had drank the poison _____

Q.2.   **ECLIPSE OF THE CENTURY**   **(6)**

When the new moon gets between Earth and Sun, and covers the solar disc completely, a total solar eclipse occurs. A total solar eclipse is easily the most spectacular celestial event one can view from Earth. An eerie darkness descends during totality, birds fall silent and stars peer out in the day time. The year--- 2009 saw a total solar eclipse on 22nd July 2009. It started at 5:28 a.m. and ended at 7:40 a.m. Its totality was around 6:30. Somewhere in the world a solar eclipse happens every 2 years or so, but what's so cool about this particular eclipse. Yes, this one was truly special. It was the longest total eclipse of this century and the longest seen in India since August 18, 1868. It is calculated that the next big total eclipse in the country will take place on June 3, 2114. Between then and now there is only 1 total eclipse on March 20, 2034 and it would just be visible in Jammu and Kashmir. The line of totality traverses a distance of over 3,000km. So, more Indians will be in the path of totality than ever in history!

Various phases of the solar eclipse are observed, such as (i)Partial phase during which shadows of tree leaves etc get a strange conical shape as the eclipse increases. (ii)Diamond Ring-just before and after totality. Sun's rays stream out, giving a stunning effect of a diamond ring. (iii) Bailey's Beads-tiny specks of light, like a sting of beads, appear from lunar valleys and craters. (iv) Corona-during totality , a breath-taking aura surrounds the invisible sun which is the solar atmosphere.

I)**Choose the correct option :**

(a)**solar eclipse occurs when** _____

    i)moon comes between earth and sun

ii)earth comes between sun and moon

iii)moon comes between earth and sun and covers the sun.

(b)**The recent 'Total Solar Eclipse' occurred in India on** _____-

  i)20th July2009

  ii) 22nd July 2009

  iii) 21st April 2009

(c)**It was seen for about** _____-

  i)two hours and ten minutes

  ii) two hours and twelve minutes

  iii) two hours and fifteen minutes

(d)**Why do the "Toal Solar Eclipse" is so special?**

(e)**When do the next big total solar eclipse in the country will take place?**

(f)**When do the 'Diamond- ring' appears?**

Section B (Grammar and Writing)

Q3. **Design a poster on** : Avoid Junk Foods   **(5)**

Q4. **Write a letter in about 100 words to your best friend apologizing for not keeping an appointment, explaining fully what prevented you.**   **(5)**

Q.7. There is one error in each line with a blank alongside it. Write the incorrect and correct word and the correction in your answer-sheet against the correct blank number.

(4)

	Incorrect word	**correct word**

It is gravity that make the pendulum   (a)………………   …………

clock keep time, by pull the   (b)………………   ………

pendulum bob down to the centre   (c)………………   …… ….

of the Earth whenever that swings   (d)………………   …………

up above it lowest point. The   (e)……………..   …………

gravitational force on the poles is   (f)…………….   …………

slightly more than that at the   (g)…………….   …………

equator. Therefore, it you take a pendulum to Alaska, it will (h)……………   ……..
gain nearly three minutes a day.   No Error

Q.8. **Correct the following sentences:**   **(6)**

(a) Poor depends on rich.

(b) Namita works hardly.

(c) The deer jumped on the fences.

(d) Beside learning dance, she also performs on the stage.

(e) Stay here unless I come back.

(f) Wow! It is an unique idea.

Q.9. Do as directed. (5)

(i) They will help us with money. (Change the Voice)

(ii) Clothes are being washed by women. (Change the Voice)

(iii)What beautiful day! (Insert an Article)

(iv) A sack of cabbages _____ (is / are) lying on the road. (Use the correct Verb)

(v)The cricket team ……….. (practice / practises) today at the stadium. (Use the correct Verb)

SECTION C (LITERATURE)

Q.10. Answer the following questions: (16)

(i) Why did Samjhu choose Jumman Shaikh as a member of the Panch ?

(ii)Name the awards Sir C v Raman received in recognition of his contribution to Science?

(iii) Why do the speaker meet his friend at the station in the story 'My Lost Dollar'?

(iv)In the story, 'The face on the wall', what was the topic of discussion at Dabney's?.

(v) In the poem , 'As I grew Older, how does the speaker hope to recapture his dream?

(vi)In the poem, 'Gravity', how does gravity affect daily functions?

(vii)What happened when Binaya dozed in the shade of a pine tree?

(viii)Why does the Cricket's song sound like the Grasshopper's?

Q11. I) "The most unique part of Khasi society is its matrilineal nature." (2)

(a)Who is the head of Khasi society?

(b) Who inherits all the properties?

II) "This is justice. This is not the work of man," (2)

(a) Who is the speaker?

(b) What is 'justice' in this context?.

Q.12. What did Sir C V Raman do after his retirement? (1)

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बाल भारती पब्लिक स्कूल, द्वारका

प्रतिदर्श प्रश्नपत्र (वार्षिक परीक्षा)

(2024-25)

कक्षा : सातवीं

विषय : हिंदी

समय : 2.30 घंटे   अधिकतम अंक : 60

सामान्य निर्देश :

(i)   कृपया जाँच लें कि इस प्रश्न पत्र में कुल 4 मुद्रित पृष्ठ हैं।

(ii)   प्रश्न पत्र में कुल चार खंड हैं–क, ख, ग,घ । सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं ।

(iii) सभी प्रकार के प्रश्नों के अंक उनके सामने दिए गए हैं।

<center>खंड : क</center>

प्र॰1   नीचे दिए गए गद्यांशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और उस पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

क) आज योग केवल भारत में ही नहीं संपूर्ण विश्व में किया जा रहा है। आधुनिक युग में योग का महत्त्व बढ़ गया है। इसके बढ़ने का कारण व्यस्तता और मन की व्यग्रता है। यदि मनुष्य शारीरिक रूप से स्वस्थ है, तो वह संसार में रहकर जीवन का सुख भोग सकता है और अपने सभी कर्तव्य एवं मनोकामनाओं को पूर्ण कर सकता है। शरीर ही वह माध्यम है, जिसके द्वारा हम अपने सभी कार्यों को संपन्न कर सकते हैं, इसलिए अपने शरीर को स्वस्थ रखना हमारा प्रथम कर्तव्य है और इसके लिए हम योग का सहारा ले सकते हैं।योग प्राचीन समय से ही भारतीय संस्कृति का अंग रहा है। हमारे पूर्वजों ने बहुत समय पहले ही इसका आविष्कार कर इसके महत्त्व को पहचान लिया था, इसलिए योग पद्धति सदियों बाद भी जीवित है। योग करने से व्यक्ति का शरीर सुगठित और सुडौल बनता है। योग से न केवल तन की थकान दूर होती है, बल्कि मन की थकान भी दूर हो जाती है। योग करने वाला व्यक्ति अपने अंग-प्रत्यंग में एक नए उत्साह एवं स्फूर्ति का अनुभव करता है। योग करने से शरीर के प्रत्येक अंग में रक्त का संचार सुचारू रूप से होता है तथा शरीर रोगमुक्त रहता है। अतः हम सभी को एक स्वरूप जीवन जीने हेतु प्रतिदिन योग करना चाहिए।

(i) मनुष्य का प्रथम कर्तव्य किसे माना गया है ?   (1)

(ii) योग करने से मनुष्य को क्या लाभ होता है ?   (1)

(iii) 'योग प्राचीन काल से भारतीय संस्कृति का अंग रहा है। 'इस कथन से क्या स्पष्ट होता है ?   (2)

(iv) प्रस्तुत गद्यांश हमें क्या संदेश देता ?   (1)

ख) फिज़ूलखर्ची एक बुराई है, इसके पीछे बारीकी से नज़र डालें तो अहंकार नज़र आएगा। अहं के प्रदर्शन से तृप्ति मिलती है। अहं की पूर्ति के लिए कई बार बुराइयों से रिश्ता भी जोड़ना पड़ता है। अहंकारी लोग बाहर से भले ही गंभीरता का आवरण ओढ़ लें, लेकिन भीतर से वे उथलेपन से भरे रहते हैं। जब कभी समुद्र तट पर जाने का मौका मिले, तो आप देखेंगे कि लहरें आती हैं, जाती हैं और चट्टानों से टकराती

<center>1</center>

हैं। पत्थर वहीं रहते हैं, लहरें उन्हें भिगोकर लौट जाती हैं। हमारे भीतर हमारे आवेगों की लहरें भी हमें ऐसे ही टक्कर देती हैं। इन आवेगों, आवेशों के प्रति अडिग रहने का अभ्यास करना होगा, क्योंकि अहंकार यदि लंबे समय तक टिकने की तैयारी में आ जाए, तो वह नए-नए तरीके ढूँढेगा। स्वयं को महत्व मिले अथवा स्वेच्छाचारिता के प्रति आग्रह, ये सब धीरे-धीरे सामान्य जीवन-शैली बन जाती है। ईसा मसीह ने कहा है-"मैं उन्हें धन्य कहूँगा, जो अंतिम हैं।" आज के भौतिक युग में यह टिप्पणी कौन स्वीकारेगा, जब 'चारों ओर नंबर वन' होने की होड़ लगी है। ईसा मसीह ने इसी में आगे जोड़ा है कि "ईश्वर के राज्य में वही प्रथम होंगे, जो अंतिम हैं और जो प्रथम होने की दौड़ में रहेंगे, वे अभागे रहेंगे।" यहाँ 'अंतिम' होने का संबंध लक्ष्य और सफलता से नहीं है। जीसस ने विनम्रता, निरहंकारिता को शब्द दिया है 'अंतिम'। आपके प्रयास व परिणाम प्रथम हों, अग्रणी रहें, पर आप भीतर से अंतिम हों यानी विनम्र, निरहंकारी रहें। अन्यथा अहं अकारण ही जीवन के आनंद को खा जाता है। (1)

(i) प्रस्तुत गद्यांश में फिजूलखर्ची को सूक्ष्म दृष्टि से क्या कहा गया है ? (1)

(ii) अहंकारी व्यक्तियों की किन कमियों की ओर संकेत किया गया है ? (1)

(iii) लेखक ने मानव मन में उद्वेलित होने वाली भावनाओं की तुलना किससे की है ? (1)

(iv) जीसस के अनुसार, मनुष्य को भीतर से कैसा होना चाहिए ? (1)

(v) प्रस्तुत गद्यांश का सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त शीर्षक क्या होगा? (1)

खंड : ख

प्रश्न 2 : दिए गए विकल्पों में से उचित विकल्प छाँटकर लिखिए -   (1X10=10)

1.कौन-सा शब्द 'रक्षक' शब्द का विलोम है?

(i) सुधा   (ii) भक्षक   (iii) पीयूष   (iv) मधु

2.कौन-सा शब्द 'सरल' शब्द का विलोम है?

(i) कठिन   (ii) साकार   (iii) संधि   (iv) योग

3. 'जिसका कोई अपराध न हो हेतु उचित एक शब्द कौन-सा है ?

(i) अजातशत्रु   (ii) अनश्वर   (iii) अशत्रु   (iv) निरपराध

4. प्रतिदिन होने वाला' हेतु उचित एक शब्द कौन-सा है ?

(i) दैनिक   (ii) तीर्थ   (iii) जयंती   (iv) मतदाता

5. निम्नलिखित में से किस वाक्य में 'अपादान कारक' है ?

(i) बालक कलम से लिखता है | (ii) राजा शत्रुओं से घिर गया |

(iii) उसकी आँखों से आँसू बहने लगे | (iv) राम मोहन से ज़्यादा समझदार है ।

6. 'में', 'पर' किस कारक के चिह्न हैं?

(i) संबंध कारक   (ii) करण कारक   (iii) अधिकरण कारक   (iv) कर्म कारक

7. "अल्पविराम" के लिए उपयुक्त चिह्न है ?

(i) ,   (ii) "   (iii) :   (iv) ( )

8. वाक्य में पूर्ण रूप से रुकने पर किस चिह्न का प्रयोग किया जाता है ?

(i) ,   (ii) ।   (iii) ;   (iv) -

9. किस क्रिया-विशेषण से क्रिया के होने के ढंग का पता चलता है ?

(i) रीतिवाचक क्रियाविशेषण   (ii) स्थानवाचक क्रियाविशेषण

(iii) कालवाचक क्रियाविशेषण (iv) परिमाणवाचक क्रियाविशेषण

10. किस क्रिया-विशेषण से क्रिया के होने के समय का पता चलता है ?

(i) कालवाचक क्रियाविशेषण (ii) स्थानवाचक क्रियाविशेषण

(iii) रीतिवाचक क्रियाविशेषण (iv) परिमाणवाचक क्रियाविशेषण

खंड : ग

प्रश्न 3 : निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नो के उत्तर दीजिए - (1x4=4)

बहुत ही मीठे स्वरों के साथ वह गलियों में घूमता हुआ कहता - "बच्चों को बहलाने वाला, खिलौने वाला।" इस अधूरे वाक्य को वह ऐसे विचित्र, किन्तु मादक - मधुर ढंग से गाकर कहता कि सुनने वाले एक बार अस्थिर हो उठते। उसके स्नेहाभिषिक्त कंठ से फूटा हुआ गान सुनकर निकट के मकानों में हलचल मच जाती। छोटे - छोटे बच्चों को अपनी गोद में लिए युवतियाँ चिकों को उठाकर छज्जों पर नीचे झाँकने लगतीं। गलियों और उनके अंतर्व्यापी छोटे - छोटे उद्यानों में खेलते और इठलाते हुए बच्चों का झुंड उसे घेर लेता और तब वह खिलौने वाला वहीं बैठकर खिलौने की पेटी खोल देता।

i)   उपर्युक्त गद्यांश के लेखक का नाम बताएं।

ii)   अपने बहुत ही मीठे स्वरों के साथ कौन गलियों में घूमता था ?

iii)   किसके गानों से हलचल मच जाती थी ?

iv)   युवतियाँ किसको उठाकर छज्जों पर से नीचे झाँकती थी ?

प्रश्न 4 : निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नो के उत्तर दीजिए - (1x4=4)

जागो बंसीवारे ललना !

जागो मोरे प्यारे !

रजनी बीती , भोर भयो है , घर - घर खुले किंवारे।

गोपी दही मथत , सुनियत हैं कंगना के झनकारे ॥

उठो लालजी ! भोर भयो है , सुर - नर ठाढ़े द्वारे।

ग्वाल - बाल सब करत कुलाहल , जय - जय सबद उचारै ॥

माखन - रोटी हाथ मँह लीनी , गउवन के रखवारे।

मीरा के प्रभु गिरधर नागर , सरण आयाँ को तारै ॥

i)   उपर्युक्त पद्यांश के कवि का नाम बताएं।

ii)   रजनी बीतने पर क्या होता है ?

iii)   ग्वालों ने हाथ में क्या ले रखा है ?

iv)   सभी लोग किसकी जय - जयकार कर रहे हैं ?

प्रश्न 5 : निम्नलिखित प्रश्नो के उत्तर एक वाक्य में लिखिए - (1x8=8)

i)   पक्षी उन्मुक्त रहकर अपनी कौन-कौन सी इच्छाएँ पूरी करना चाहते हैं ?

ii)   खिलौनेवाले का गान गली भर के मकानों में कैसे लहराता था ?

iii)   जाल पड़ने पर पानी क्यों बह जाता है ?

iv)   'एक तिनका' कविता से कवि ने क्या सीख दी है ?

v)   कवि के घमंड को किसने चूर - चूर कर दिया ?

vi)   बंद पैकेट के रूप में मिलनेवाली नूडल्स (मैगी) कितने मिनट में तैयार होती है ?

vii)   गोपियाँ दही को मथकर क्या निकालती हैं ?

viii)   हॉकी खिलाड़ी धनराज पिल्लै का साक्षात्कार किसने लिया है ?

प्रश्न 6 : निम्लिखित प्रश्नो में से किन्ही दो प्रश्नो के उत्तर दीजिए -   (2x2=4)

i) साक्षात्कार पढ़कर आपके मन में धनराज पिल्लै की कैसी छवि उभरती है ? वर्णन कीजिए ।

ii) खानपान की मिश्रित संस्कृति से लेखक का क्या मतलब है ?

iii) सज्जन और अच्छे व्यक्ति अपने द्वारा इकठ्ठे किए गए धन का उपयोग कैसे करते है ?

<u>खंड : घ</u>

प्रश्न 7 : किसी एक विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।   (5)

      (1) स्वास्थ्य ही धन है

      (2) प्रात:काल सैर

      (3) परोपकार

प्रश्न 8 : अपनी माता जी के धीरे-धीरे स्वस्थ होने का समाचार देते हुए अपने पिता जी को लगभग 100 शब्दों में पत्र लिखिए। ।   (5)

अथवा

      अपनी दादी जी द्वारा आपके जन्मदिन पर भेजे गए पुस्तकों के सुंदर उपहार हेतु लगभग 100 शब्दों में धन्यवाद पत्र लिखिए। ।

प्रश्न 9 : दिए गए चित्र को देखकर लगभग 80 शब्दों में इसका वर्णन कीजिए।   (5)

प्रश्न 10 : 'रोगी और डॉक्टर' के मध्य 50-60 शब्दों में संवाद लिखिए।   (5)

अथवा

      'बढ़ती रिश्वतखोरी' के संबंध में दो मित्रों के मध्य 50-60 शब्दों में संवाद लिखिए।
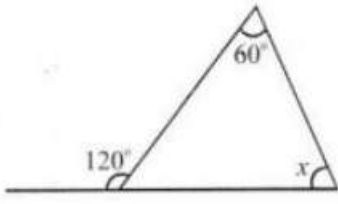
TIME : 2.5 HOURS   **M.M : 60**

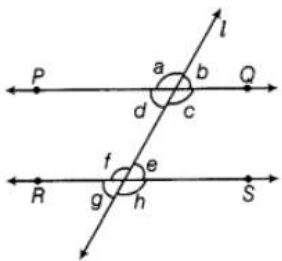|	
General Instructions	
a) *Question paper comprises five sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 27 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.*	
b) *Section A – Question no. 1 to 12 are MCQs of 1 mark each.*	
c) *Section B – Question no. 13 to 18 are Very Short Answer type questions, carrying 2 marks each.*	
d) *Section C – Question no. 19 to 21 are Short Answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.*	
e) *Section D -Question no. 22 to 24 carry 5 marks each.*	
f) *Section E – Question no. 25 to 27 carry 4 marks each.*	
g) *Draw neat figures wherever required.*	

Q No.	SECTION - A	Marks
	Section A consists of 12 questions of 1 mark each	
1	Choose the correct value of variable which satisfy the following equation. $4n + 17 = 25$ (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4	1
2	The angles between North and West and South and East are (a) complementary (b) supplementary (c) both are acute (d) both are obtuse	1
3	Find the value of x in given figure. (a) 180° (b) 55° (c) 90° (d) 60°	1
4	Convert the given decimal fractions to percents 0.02. (a)3% (b) 4% (c) 5% (d) 2%	1
5	Which of the following rational numbers is negative? (a) $-\left(-\frac{3}{7}\right)$ (b) $\frac{-5}{-8}$ (c) $\frac{9}{8}$ (d) $-\frac{3}{7}$	1

6	Which of the following rational numbers is equal to its reciprocal? (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) 0	1
7	If radius of a circle is increased to twice its original length, how much will the area of the circle increase? (a) 1.4 times (b) 2 times (c) 3 times (d) 4 times	1
8	Which of the following terms is an unlike term? (a) 3x (b) $2x^2$ (c) - 4x (d) 10x	1
9	What is the coefficient of x in the expression 7x + 4y -3z? (a) 7 (b) 4 (c) -3 (d) 3	1
10	Express in exponential form 625. (a) 25^3 (b) 5^4 (c) 5^3 (d) None of these	1
11	Write 5900 in standard form. (a) 59 (b) 5.9×10^3 (c) 5.90 (d) 59×100	1
12	The top view of a cube looks like a_____. (a) Circle (b) Square (c) Rectangle (d)Triangle	1
	SECTION -B	
	Section B consists of 6 questions of 2 mark each	
13	If $-\frac{5}{7} = \frac{x}{28}$, find the value of x?	2
14	In the given figure, PQ || RS and a : b =3 : 2. Find the value of f. 	2
15	Among two supplementary angles, the measures of the larger angle is 44^0 more than the measure of the smaller. Find their measures?	2
16	A wire is in the form of a parallelogram with side length 8cm and 6cm. If it is rebent into a square, what will be length of the square?	2

17	What could be the cross section when a horizontal cut is given to each of the following?
	    a. A brick sized 15 cm x 9 cm x 5 cm.
	    b. A football with a radius of 6 cm.
		2

18	Express (108×270) as a product of prime factors only in exponential form.	2
	SECTION -C	
	Section C consists of 3 questions of 3 mark each	
19	If the measures of the angles of a triangle are $(2p)°$, $(3p − 15)°$ and $(4p − 12)°$. Find the value of p.	3
20	Amina buys a book for Rs 275 and sells it at a loss of 15% . How much does she sell it for?	3
21	Find the value of p, if the value of $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x − 6p$ is 18 when x = 0.	3
	SECTION - D	
	Section D consists of 3 questions of 5 mark each	
22	Two poles of 10 m and 15 m stand upright on a plane ground. If the distance between the tops is 13 m, find the distance between their feet.	5
23	If $x = \frac{1}{10}$ and $y = -\frac{3}{8}$, then evaluate a) x + y b) x ÷ y. c) reciprocal of x and y	2 + 2 + 1
24	Simplify: (a) $\frac{10^{22}+10^{20}}{10^{20}}$ (b) $\frac{2^4}{(7^0+3^0)^3}$	5
	SECTION – E	
	Section E consists of 3 questions of 4 marks each	

25	In a quarterly examination, a student secured 30% marks and failed by 12 marks. In the same examination another student secured 40% marks and got 28 more bare minimum marks to pass. Find
	
	    (a) the maximum marks
	
	    (b) the pass percentage.
		2 + 2

26	A Circular lawn is enclosed by a circular path all around it. The radius of the circular lawn is 1m. While the radius of the outer circle including the path is 2m. (a) Find the area of small circle (b) Find the area of lawn with circular path. (c) Find the width of the path and also its area	1 + 1 + 2
27	Rajeev pays Rs 225 in advance on his account at a sports club. Each time he visits the club, Rs 9 is deducted from the account.	1 + 1 + 2

a) Which of the following equations represent the balance "x" left in his account after "t" number of days?

(a) t=225+9x   (b) x=9+225t   (c) x=225-9t   (d) t= 225-9x

b) How much balance (in Rs) is left in Rajeev's account after 20 visits?

(a) 54   (b) 45   (c) 36   (d) 60

c) After how many days, Rajeev have to recharge his account?

TIME – 2.5 HRS   **MAX MARKS:60**

General Instructions:

(i) *Question paper comprises five Sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 30 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.*

(ii) **Section A** *– Question 1 to 18 are MCQs of 1 mark each.*

(iii) **Section B** *– Question no. 19 to 21 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 30-50 words.*

(iv) **Section C** *- Question no 22 to 24 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 50-80 words.*

(v) **Section D** *– Question no.25 to 27 are Long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 80 to 100 words.*

(vi) **Section-E** *- Question no. 28 to 30 are Source based questions with sub questions and are of 4 marks.*

(vi) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

(viii) In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

Q1.	Which of the following is/are products of wastewater treatment? (a) Biogas (b) Sludge (c) Both biogas and sludge (d) Aerator	1
Q2	The correct order of acids present in spinach, curd and vinegar respectively is (a) lactic acid, oxalic acid and acetic acid (b) acetic acid, lactic acid and oxalic acid (c) tartaric acid, lactic acid and formic acid (d) oxalic acid, lactic acid and acetic acid	1
Q3.	An image formed by a lens is erect. Such an image could be formed by a (a) convex lens provided the image is smaller than object. (b) concave lens provided the image is smaller than object. (c) concave lens provided the image is larger than object. (d) concave lens provided the image is of the same size.	1
Q4.	When a switch is in OFF position, (i) circuit starting from the positive terminal of the cell stops at the switch. (ii) circuit is open. (iii) no current flows through it. (iv) current flows after some time. Choose the combination of correct answer from the following. (a) all are correct (b) (ii) and (iii) are correct (c) only (iv) is correct (d) only (i) and (ii) are correct	1
Q5.	Which of the following parts of a plant take part in sexual reproduction? (i) Flower (ii) Seed (iii) Fruit (iv) Branch Choose the correct answer from below. (a) (i) and (ii) (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) (c) (iii) and (iv) (d) (ii), (iii) and (iv)	1
Q6.	Products of a neutralisation reaction are always (a) an acid and a base. (b) an acid and a salt. (c) a salt and water. (d) a salt and a base.	1
Q7.	Paheli's mother made a concentrated sugar syrup by dissolving sugar in hot water. On cooling, crystals of sugar got separated. This indicates a: (a) physical change that can be reversed (b) chemical change that can be reversed (c) physical change that cannot be reversed (d) chemical change that cannot be reversed	1
Q8.	Breathing is a process that (i) provides O_2 to the body. (ii) breaks down food to release energy. (iii) helps the body to get rid of CO_2. (iv) produces water in the cells. Which of the following gives the correct combination of functions of breathing? (a) (i) and (ii) (b) (ii) and (iii) (c) (i) and (iii) (d) (ii) and (iv)	1
Q9.	Which of the following statements is/are true for sexual reproduction in plants? (i) Plants are obtained from seeds. (ii) Two plants are always essential. (iii) Fertilisation can occur only after pollination. (iv) Only insects are agents of pollination. Choose from the options given below. (a) (i) and (iii) (b) (i) only (c) (ii) and (iii) (d) (i) and (iv)	1
Q10.	If an object is placed at a distance of 0.5 m in front of a plane mirror, the distance between the object and the image formed by the mirror will be (a) 2 m (b) 1 m (c) 0.5 m (d) 0.25 m	1
Q11.	When an electric current flows through a copper wire AB as shown in Figure, the wire	1
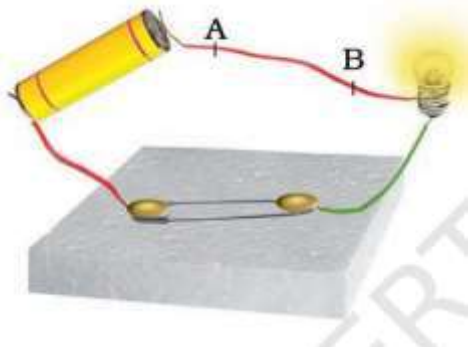
(a) deflects a magnetic needle placed near it.
(b) becomes red hot.
(c) gives electric shock.
(d) behaves like a fuse.

The questions below (Q.12 to 14) consist of an Assertion and a Reason. Use the following key to choose the appropriate answer.
(a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
(c) A is true but R is false.
(d) A is false but R is true.

Q12.	Assertion (A): Formation of manure from leaves is a chemical change. Reason (R): The chemical properties of manure and leaves are similar.	1
Q13.	Assertion (A) : Vegetative propagation is a method of asexual reproduction in plants. Reason (R) : In asexual reproduction new plants are obtained without use of seed or spore.	1
Q14.	**Assertion (A):** Pulmonary artery carries impure blood to the lungs. **Reason (R):** Pulmonary vein carries impure blood from lungs to the heart.	1
Q15.	A student is stung by an ant while playing. An elderly person suggests rubbing moist baking soda in the region to get quick relief. What does moist soda do to the sting of an ant? (a) Increases the strength of the acid (b) Neutralizes the acidic from the sting (c) Preserves the acid for a longer time (d) Condenses the acid so that it does not spread	1
Q16.	Pick from the following one chemical used to disinfect water. (a) Chlorine (b) Washing soda (c) Silica (d) Coal	1
Q17.	Boojho and Paheli were given one mirror each by their teacher. Boojho found his image to be erect and of the same size whereas Paheli found her image erect and smaller in size. This means that the mirrors of Boojho and Paheli are, respectively (a) Plane mirror and concave mirror. (b) Concave mirror and convex mirror. (c) Plane mirror and convex mirror. (d) Convex mirror and plane mirror.	1
Q18.	A bus travels 63 km in 90 minutes. The speed of the bus is (a) 11.6 m/s (b) 16 m/s (c) 6.3 m/s (d) 3.6 m/s	1

SECTION B

Q19.	Why should we not throw (a) used tea leaves into sink? (b) Cooking oil and fats down the drain?	2
Q20.	Explain the following: (a) Lime water turns milky on passing carbon dioxide gas into it. (b) Bubbles are produced when acetic acid is added to a solution of sodium hydrogen carbonate.	2
Q21.	Draw a circuit diagram required to light a bulb using a battery of four cells, in working condition.	2

SECTION C

Q22.	You are provided with three test tubes A, B and C as shown in Figure with different liquids.	3

A
Solution of tartaric acid

B
Soap solution

C
Pure water
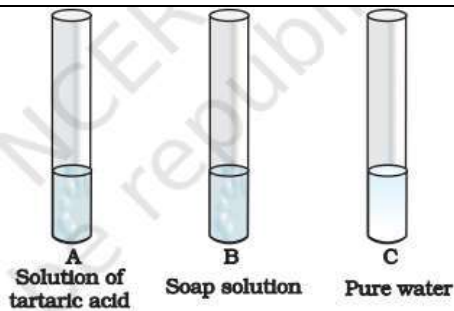
What will you observe when you put
(a) a piece of blue litmus paper in each test tube.
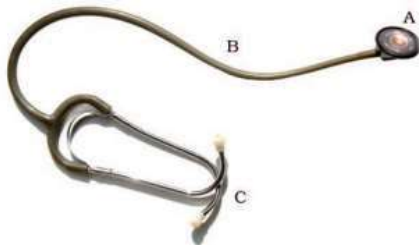(b) a few drops of phenolphthalein solution to each test tube.

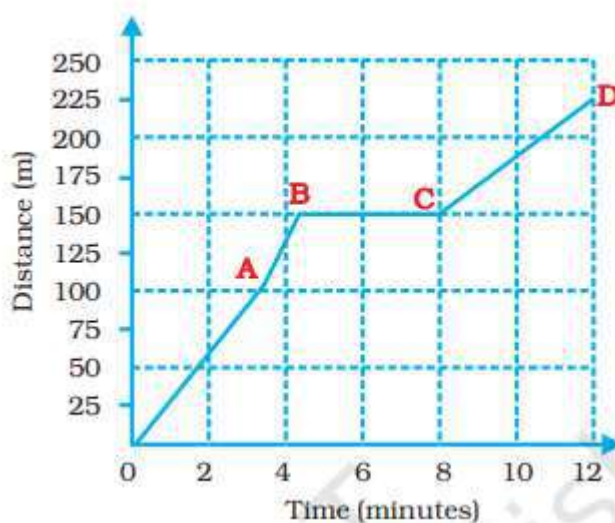| Q23.	Paheli participated in a 400 m race competition held at her school and won the race. When she came home she had mixed feelings of joy and pain as she had cramps in her leg muscles. After a massage she was relieved of the pain. Answer the following questions related to the situation. (a) What can be the possible reasons for the pain in her legs? (b) Why did she feel comfortable after a massage?	3
Q24.	Observe Figure and answer the given questions: (a) Name the instrument. (b) Label the parts A, B and C. (c) Give one use of above instrument.	3

SECTION D

Q25	Boojho goes to the football ground to play football. The distance time graph of his journey from his home to the ground is given as Figure (a) What does the graph between point B and C indicate about the motion of Boojho? (b) Is the motion between 0 to 4 minutes uniform or non-uniform? (c) What is his speed between 8 and 12 minutes of his journey? (d) Define average speed and write its mathematical expression.	5
Q26	The picture shows parts of a flower.	5

i) Label P, Q, R and S.
ii) Removal of which part of the flower will not stop reproduction in the plant?
    a) P   b) Q   c) R   d) S
iii) Why is part P brightly coloured in most flowers?
    a) To repel animals   b) To attract insects
    c) To help the plant make food   d) To help the plant retain water
iv) What is the function of pollen tube?

<div align="center">Or</div>

Give difference between:

CHARACTERSTICS	ASEXUAL REPRODUATION	SEXUAL REPRODUCTION
1) Seeds produced /not		
2) no. of parents		
3) gametes formed / not		
4)fertilization occurs /not		
5) new individuals- identical to parents/ characters of both the parents		

Q27.	Label the figure and answer the following questions:	5

(i) Identify a, b, c, d and e. (any four)
(ii) What is reflection?
(iii) What are the laws of reflection?

<div align="center">SECTION E</div>

Q28	Plants have pipe-like vessels made up of special cells, forming the vascular tissues, for transport of water and nutrients from the soil. These vascular tissues are called xylem.	4

1. _____are involved in transport of substances in plants?
(a)Xylem   (b)Phloem   (c)Both of these   (d)None of these
2. Vascular tissue for transport of water and nutrients in plants is called:
(a)xylem   (b)phloem   (c)Both of these   (d)None of these
3. Continuous network of channels that connects roots to the leaves through the stem and branches are:

	(a) root hair (b) xylem (c) phloem (d) All of these 4. Tiny pores on the surface of leaves are called _____, which help in _____ of gases. Or The process of loss of water in the form of _____ through _____ on the leaves is called transpiration.	
Q29	We use various appliances based on heating effect of current in our daily life. Some such appliances are electric room heater, electric heater, hot plates, electric iron, hair dryers etc. All these contain a coil of wire called element. 1. The coil of wire in an electric bulb is known as (a) element (b) filament (c) conducting wire (d) None of these 2. Which part of an electrical iron becomes hot and gives out heat? (a) the switch (b) the handle (c) the element (d) the connecting wire 3. On what factors heat produced in wire depends? Or Name two electric devices for each where heating effect of current is used.	4
Q30	Respiration is a basic characteristic of all living beings. It is an energy releasing reaction. The living cells break down complex high energy food molecules into simple low energy molecules by oxidation, forming carbon dioxide and water. By this a large amount of energy is released which is used to maintain life activities by the organism. 1. Respiration in human beings: (a) involves exchange of gases (b) involves inspiration and expiration (c) involves oxidation of glucose (d) All of the above are correct 2. Which type of respiration is found in yeast? (a) Aerobic respiration (b) Anaerobic respiration (c) Respiration using oxygen (d) None of these 3. Complete the following equations – (i) Glucose $\xrightarrow{\text{In presence of } O_2}$ _____ + water + _____ (ii) Glucose $\xrightarrow{\text{In absence of } O_2}$ (in muscle cells) _____ + energy Or Give two differences between aerobic and anaerobic respiration.	4

CLASS –VII
ANNUAL EXAM SAMPLE PAPER(2024-25)
SOCIAL SCIENCE

TIME: 2hrs 30 min **M.M: 60**

General Instructions:

(i) Question paper comprises six Sections – A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 25 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
(ii) Section A – Question 1 to 12 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
(iii) Section B – Question no. 13 to 15 are very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
(iv) Section C - Question no 16 to 18 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.
(v) Section D - Question no 19 to 21 are Long Answer Type Questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
(vi) Section E – Question no.22 to 24 are Source based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks . Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
(vii) Section-F - Question no. 25 is Map and diagram based, carrying 6 marks . Attach the map with the answer book.
(viii) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided . Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
(ix) In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary

SECTION A

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (1*12=12 MARKS)

Choose the correct option:
1. Which of the following was NOT the king of the Rajput Dynasty?
a)Tomaras b) Ananga Pala c)Prithviraj Chauhan d)Bahlul Lodi

2. The literal meaning of Sulh-i kul is:
a) Peace b). Religion c)Universal Peace d) Inheritance

3. A particular area from which all the voters living there choose their representatives. This could be, for example, a panchayat ward or an area that chooses an MLA
a) Universal adulthood franchise c)Universal adult franchise
b) Universal adult franchises d)Constituency

4. It refers to a range of tasks related to looking after and nurturing. Besides physical tasks, they also involve a strong emotional aspect.

(a) Care-giving (c) Double-giving
(b) Care-looking (d) Physical-giving

5. Who have real authority in a country

  (a)President (b) Prime Minister (c) People (d) Governor

6. It is a political organisation that subscribes to a particular ideology and seeks to attain political power

 (a) Organisational Party (b) Political Party (c) Subscriber Party (d) Ideology Party

7. The Ahom state depended upon forced labour. Those forced to work for the state were called

(a) Bhuiya (b) Itinerant (c) Paiks (d) Tanda

8. Ramanuja was born in which state of India?

(a) Kerala (b)Tamil Nadu (c) Andhra Pradesh (d) None of these

9. There are two statements given below, marked as Assertions (A) and Reasons (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.

Assertion (A) : Atmosphere is the thin layer of the Earth which surrounds the Earth. The gravitational force of the Earth holds the atmosphere around it.

Reason (R) : The atmosphere protects us from the harmful rays of the Sun and the changes in the atmosphere produce changes in the weather and climate.

a) A is true and R clearly explains A

b) A is true but R is false

c) Both A and R are incorrect

d) R is true and A is incorrect

10. Which one is not hard to touch?

(a) ice (b) wax (c) water (d) stone

11. The place where a river flows into another body of water is called the river's ……………

(a) Basin (b) Mouth (c) Ocean (d) None of the above

12._____ is a famous monastery in Ladakh.

SECTION B

13 The Khalji and Tughluq monarchs appointed military commanders as governors of territories of varying sizes.Who were they and what was their role   2

14. "Observe your surroundings and identify ways in which human activities have changed the natural environment. Explain with examples how these modifications impact both nature and human life.   2

    OR

Plant and animal kingdom together make 'Biosphere' or the living world. Explain the statement with examples.

15. Imagine you are a journalist preparing a report on the role of the Chief Minister in your state. Based on your understanding, explain the key responsibilities of a Chief Minister and how their decisions impact the governance of the state."**(2 points)**   2

SECTION C

16. How media and money are interrelated? (3 points)   3

17. Why did the Mughals emphasise their Timurid and not their Mongol descent? 3

18.Explain the work of sea waves.   3

SECTION D

19. The state government functions effectively within its constituencies. In the light of this statement explain the functioning of the government.   5

20. What are tides? How are they caused? Explain spring and Neap Tides with the help of diagram.

Or

With the help of diagram explain the water cycle   5

21. Kabir's teachings were based on rejection of religious traditions.. In the light of above statement explain the teachings of Kabir.   5

SECTION E

Read the passages carefully and answer the questions:

22. Erode is a quite popular bi-weekly cloth market in Tamil Nadu and is considered as one of the largest cloth markets in the world. Different types of cloth are sold in this market. Clothes are made by weavers living in the villages and are brought to the market for selling it. Clothes are made on receiving an order from the merchant. These merchants supply cloth to the garment manufacturers and exporters across the country. They purchase the yarn from the merchants and are sent further and instructions are given to the weavers about the kind of cloth that is to made. If the weavers were to buy yarn on their own and sell cloth, they would probably earn but they receive less amount.

. 1. Which state in India is considered as world largest cloth market?   1
  2. What type of market is 'Erode'?   1
  3. In what ways are weavers dependent on cloth merchants?   2

23. Ladakh is also known as Khapa-chan which means snow land. It is bounded by Jammu and Kashmir in the West, the Karakoram Range in the North and the Zaskar mountains, in the South. Several rivers flow through Ladakh, Indus being the most important among them. The rivers form deep valleys and gorges. Several glaciers are found in Ladakh, e.g, the Gangri glacier. The altitude in Ladakh varies from about 2000 m in Kargil to more than 8000 m in Karakoram. Due to its high altitude, the climate is extremely cold and dry. The air at high altitude is so thin that the heat of the Sun can be felt intensely. The day temperatures in summer are just above zero degree and the night temperatures are well below 30^0C. It is freezing cold in the winters when the Temperatures may remain below -40^0C for most of the time. As it lies in the rain shadow of the Himalayas, there is little rainfall, as low as 10 cm every year. The area experiences freezing winds and burning hot sunlight.

1.What is the meaning of Khapa-Chan?   1
2. Which famous glacier is found in Ladakh?   1
3. What type of climate does Ladakh experience? (2 points)   2

24. Nomadic pastoralists moved over long distances with their animals. They lived on milk and other pastoral products. They also exchanged wool, ghee, etc., with settled agriculturists for grain, cloth, utensils and other products.They bought and sold these goods as they moved from one place to another, transporting them on their animals. The Banjaras were the most important trader nomads. Their caravan was called tanda. Sultan Alauddin Khalji (used the Banjaras to transport grain to the city markets. Emperor Jahangir wrote in his memoirs that the Banjaras carried grain on their bullocks from different areas and sold it in towns. They

transported food grain for the Mughal army during military campaigns. With a large army there could be 100,000 bullocks carrying grain

1. Pastoralists who roam from one pasture to another with their flocks and herds.are known as_____.   1
2. What kinds of exchanges took place between nomadic pastoralists and settled agriculturists?   1
3. How Were the Banjaras important for the economy?   2

<center>SECTION F</center>

MAP WORK

25 a)On the given map of world mark the following   3

1.Coldest desert in India 2. Amazon Basin 3.Area of Caspian sea
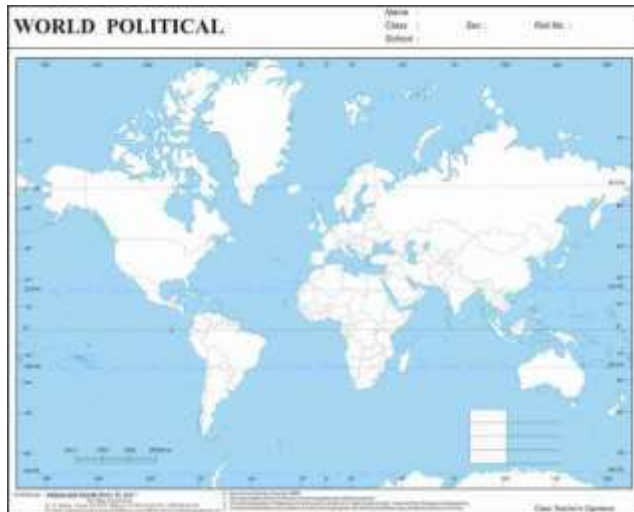
b) Draw a neatly labelled diagram of Layers of Atmosphere   3

बाल भारती पब्लिक स्कूल

(प्रतिदर्शप्रश्नपत्रम्)

कक्षा-सप्तमी

संस्कृतम्

समयः – सार्धद्वयहोरा   सम्पूर्णाङ्काः- 60

सामान्यनिर्देशाः –

- अस्मिन् प्रश्नपत्रे 17 प्रश्नाः सन्ति ।
- कृपया सम्यक्तया परीक्षणं कुर्वन्तु यत् एतत् प्रश्नपत्रं चतुर्षु खण्डेषु (खण्ड-क,ख,ग,घ) विभक्तम् अस्ति ।
- उत्तरलेखनात् पूर्वं प्रश्नस्य क्रमाङ्कः अवश्यं लेखनीयः ।
- प्रश्नसंख्या प्रश्नपत्रानुसारम् अवश्यमेव लेखनीया ।
- सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन एव लेखनायानि ।

	(खण्ड -क)	

1.	**अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नान् उत्तरत-**
	
	वानराः सेतुनिर्माणम् अकुर्वन् । अधुना यदा सेतुबन्धः अभवत् तदा रामस्य नेतृत्वे सर्वेषाम् वानराणाम् समस्तसेना लंकाम् प्राविशत्। लंकायाः अधिपतिः राक्षसः रावणः आसीत् । सः निजपुत्रैः बन्धुभिः च सह युद्धाय तत्परः अभवत्। तदा बहुमासं यावत् भयंकरम् युद्धम् अभवत्। अन्ते सः राक्षसराजः रावणः पराजितः । यदाः सः मृतः तदा तस्य स्वर्णनिर्मिता अखिला राजधानी रामस्य वशम् अधिगता ।
	
	(क) एकपदेन उत्तरत (एक शब्द में उत्तर लिखें।) **(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम् – केवल कोई दो प्रश्न)** **(0.5X2=1)**
	   1. के सेतुनिर्माणम् अकुर्वन् ?
	   2. कस्य नेतृत्वे सर्वेषाम् वानराणाम् समस्तसेना लंकाम् प्राविशत् ?
	   3. लंकायाः अधिपतिः राक्षसः कः आसीत् ?
	
	(ख) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत (पूरे वाक्य में उत्तर लिखें।) **(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम् – केवल कोई दो प्रश्न)** **(1.5X2=3)**
	   1. अन्ते कः पराजितः ?
	   2. यदा रावणः मृतः अभवत् तदा किम् अभवत् ?
	   3. रावणः कैः सह युद्धाय तत्परः अभवत् ?
	
	(ग) यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत- **- (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम् - केवल दो प्रश्न)** **(0.5X2=1)**
	
	   (क) वानराः सेतुनिर्माणम् अकुर्वन् । ' – अत्र वाक्ये किं क्रिया-पदम् अस्ति ?
	     (i) वानराः (ii) सेतुनिर्माणम् (iii) अकुर्वन्
	   (ख) ' लंकायाः अधिपतिः राक्षसः रावणः आसीत् ।' – अत्र वाक्ये किं कर्तृ-पदम् अस्ति ?
	     (i) लंकायाः (ii) राक्षसः (iii) रावणः
	   (ग) 'राक्षसराजः रावणः' – अनयोः किं विशेषण-पदम् अस्ति ?
	     (i) राक्षसराजः (ii) रावणः (iii) न किमपि
		5

	(खण्ड-ख)	

2.	अधोप्रदत्तं चित्रं दृष्ट्वा मञ्जूषायाः सहायतया संस्कृते द्वे वाक्ये रचयत -	2
	खगाः , उद्यानस्य चित्रम् , उत्पतन्ति , व्यायामम् , कुर्वन्ति , प्रातः काले भ्रमणम् , क्रीडतः , कन्दुकेन , तिष्ठन्ति , जनाः , महिले , वार्तालापम् , समाचार-पत्रम् , वृद्धः , पठति , हरिताः वृक्षाः , प्रसन्नाः	
3.	चित्रं दृष्ट्वा मञ्जूषायाः सहायतया रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत-	2
	मञ्जूषा-- ☞ हरिताः, बालकाः ,चित्रम् , उद्यानस्य	
	1. एतत् .... चित्रम् अस्ति ।	
	2. अत्र त्रयः .... कन्दुकेन क्रीडन्ति ।	
	3. अत्र एका बालिका .... रचयति ।	
	4. अत्र .... वृक्षाः सन्ति ।	
4.	अधोलिखितं सम्वादं मञ्जूषायां प्रदत्तैः शब्दैः पूरयत- (मञ्जूषा की सहायता से दिए गए संवाद को पूरा करें-)	5
	मञ्जूषा – मेलिष्यावः, आपणम् , कुत्र , श्रेयः, गच्छामि	
	श्रेयः - मम नाम .... अस्ति ।	
	समयः – त्वं .... गच्छसि ?	
	श्रेयः – अहं तु विद्यालयं .... ।	
	समयः - त्वं कुत्र गच्छसि ?	
	श्रेयः - अहम् .... गच्छामि ।	
	समयः – अस्तु । पुनः ....।	

5.	**शब्दरूपाणि लिखत-** (क) अस्मद् / पञ्चमी-विभक्तिः (ख) युष्मद् / द्वितीया-विभक्तिः (ग) अस्मद्/ प्रथमा-विभक्तिः (घ) तद् (पुल्लिङ्गः) / षष्ठी-विभक्तिः (ङ)) अस्मद् / द्वितीया-विभक्तिः (च) तद् (स्त्री.)/ तृतीया-विभक्तिः (छ) तद्-(पुल्लिंग) / प्रथमा-विभक्तिः (ज) युष्मद्/ प्रथमा-विभक्तिः	4
6.	**धातु रूपाणि लिखत –** (क) अस्-धातुः/लृट्-लकारः / प्रथम-पुरुषः (ख) लिख्-धातुः/ लट्-लकारः / मध्यम-पुरुषः (ग) दृश्-धातुः /लट्-लकारः/ उत्तमपुरुषः (घ) दृश्-धातुः/लोट् / प्रथमपुरुषः (ङ) अस्-धातुः/लङ्-लकारः/ मध्यमपुरुषः (च) लिख् -धातुः /विधिलिङ्-लकारः/ उत्तमपुरुषः (छ) दृश्-धातुः / विधिलिङ्-लकारः / प्रथमपुरुषः (ज) अस्-धातुः/ विधिलिङ्-लकारः/मध्यमपुरुषः	4

7.	**उचितोपपदविभक्तिपदं विचित्य रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत-**
	
	 (i) .... परितः वृक्षाः सन्ति ।
	
	      (क) ग्रामात् (ख) ग्रामम् (ग) ग्रामस्य
	
	 (ii) कृषकः......... प्रति गच्छति ।
	
	      (क) क्षेत्रस्य (ख) क्षेत्रात् (ग) क्षेत्रम्
	
	 (iii) सः .... अधः आम्राणि क्षिपति ।
	
	      (क) वृक्षस्य (ख) वृक्षे (ग) वृक्षात्
	
	 (iv) .... बहिः उद्यानम् अस्ति ।
	
	      (क) विद्यालयम् (ख) विद्यालयस्य (ग) विद्यालयात्
		4

8.	**उचित-संख्यापदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत-** (क) मम विद्यालये (26) .... सोपानानि सन्ति । (ख) मम पुस्तके (40) .... अध्यायाः सन्ति । (ग) सभायां (48) .... जनाः सन्ति । (घ) मह्यं (50) .... रूप्यकाणि यच्छतु ।	4

9.	**विकल्पेभ्यः उचित-प्रत्यय-पदानि चित्वा लिखत-**
	
	 (क) व्यायामं **कृ+त्वा** स्नानं करोमि ।
	
	      (क) कृत्य (ख) कृत्वा (ग) कर्तुम्
	
	 (ख) प्रातः **पठितुम्** उत्तिष्ठामि ।
	
	      (क) पठ्+क्त्वा (ख) पठ्+ल्यप् (ग) पठ्+तुमुन्
	
	 (ग) सूर्योदयात् प्राक् **उत्थाय** ईश्वरं नमामि ।
	
	      (क) उत्+क्त्वा (ख) उत्+तुमुन् (ग) उत्+स्था+ल्यप्
	
	 (घ) चलच्चित्रं **दृश्+क्त्वा** प्रसीदामि ।
		4

	(क) दृष्ट्वा (ख) द्रष्टुम् (ग) संदृश्य	

(खण्ड-घ)

10	**गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नान् उत्तरत-**
	
	शिष्टजनानाम् आचारः 'शिष्टाचारः' कथ्यते । प्रत्येकं मनुष्यस्य जीवने शिष्टाचारस्य प्रमुखं स्थानं भवति । अतः प्रत्येकं जनः सदैव सत्यं वदतु । कदापि अन्यान् मा निन्दतु । मधुरं हितकरं संक्षिप्तं वचनम् एव वदतु । सर्वान् आत्मवत् एव पश्यतु । सदैव नारीणां सम्मानं करोतु। सर्वेषां सहायतां करोतु । जनाः इतस्ततः अवकरं न क्षिपन्तु । देशं स्वच्छं कुर्वन्तु। इतस्ततः जलसङ्कलनं मा कुर्वन्तु । शरीरं स्वस्थं कर्तुं पर्याप्तं जलं पिबन्तु, हरितशाकानि फलानि च खादन्तु । प्रातःकाले उद्यानं गत्वा व्यायाम कुर्वन्तु तीव्रगत्या च चलन्तु । अनेन प्रकारण सर्वे जनाः रोगमुक्ताः स्वस्थाः सुखिनः च भविष्यन्ति।
	
	    I. **एकपदेन उत्तरत-** (एक शब्द में उत्तर लिखें) (0.5X2=1)
	
	    (क) सदैव केषां सम्मानं कुर्युः ? (ख) जनाः इतस्ततः किं न क्षिपन्तु ?
	
	    II. **पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-** (पूर्ण वाक्य में उत्तर लिखें) (1.5X2=3)
	
	    (क) इतस्ततः किं न कुर्वन्तु ? (ख) मनुष्यस्य जीवने कस्य प्रमुखं स्थानं भवति ?
		4

11.	**अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रदत्तप्रश्नान् उत्तरत-**
	
	त्वं सायं मार्गे एकं भिक्षुकम् अपश्यः । भिक्षुकस्य शरीरे जीर्णानि वस्त्राणि आसन् । सः बुभुक्षितः पिपासितः च आसीत् । त्वं झटिति स्वगृहम् अगच्छः । गृहे माता पिता च आस्ताम् । त्वम् अम्बायै सर्वां वार्ताम् अकथयः । त्वम् अम्बा च भिक्षुकाय भोजनं जलं च अनयतम् । किन्तु सः किमपि न अखादत् । सः तीव्रज्वरेण ग्रस्तः आसीत् । त्वं चलभाषि-यन्त्रेण जनकं सूचितम् अकरोः । पिता स्वकारयानेन तत्र आगच्छत् । यूयं सर्वे भिक्षुकं चिकित्सालयम् अनयत । यूयं धन्याः स्थ ।
	
	(क) एकपदेन उत्तरत (एक शब्द में उत्तर लिखें।) **(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम् – केवल कोई दो प्रश्न)** (0.5X2=1)
	
	   (क) त्वं झटिति कुत्र अगच्छः ? (ख) त्वं कस्यै सर्वां वार्ताम् अकथयः ?
	
	(ख) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत (पूरे वाक्य में उत्तर लिखें।) **(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम् – केवल कोई दो प्रश्न)** (1.5X2=3)
	
	   (क) भिक्षुकस्य शरीरे कानि आसन् ? (ख) सः केन ग्रस्तः आसीत् ?
		4

12.	**उचित-शब्दैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत-**
	
	     ┌───┐
	     │ स्वः , अलिखः ,पठिष्यन्ति , गमिष्यति , गायति , अखादत् │
	     └───┘
	
	(क) बालकाः पुस्तकानि............. । (ख) गायिका गीतं .... । (ग) त्वं लेखम् .... ।
	(घ) सः भोजनम् ....। (ङ) सः उद्यानं ....। (च) आवां प्रसन्नौ ....।
		3

13.	**उचित-शब्दैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- (उचित शब्दों से रिक्त स्थान पूर्ण करें-)**
	
	     ┌───┐
	     │ गच्छन्तु , गायतु ,अस्तु , नृत्यताम् , भवन्तु , पचतु │
	     └───┘
	
	(क) मित्रं गीतं .... । (ख) कन्ये मञ्चे .... । (ग) सर्वे सुखिनः .... ।
	(घ) सः भोजनम् ....। (ङ) सः प्राज्ञः ....। (च) मित्राणि गृहं ....।
		3

14.	**लकारपरिवर्तनं** (क) भवती कार्यं **करोतु** । (लङ्-लकारे)	3

	(ख) तौ सत्यं **वदिष्यतः** । (लोट्-लकारे) (ग) माता भोजनं **पचतु** । (लट्-लकारे)	
15.	वचनं परिवर्तयत- (वचन परिवर्तन करें) - (क) छात्रः नमति । (द्विवचने) (ख) ते पठिष्यन्ति । (एकवचने) (ग) बालकः नमतु । (बहुवचने)	3
16.	**वाक्यानि संशोध्य लिखत- (वाक्यों को शुद्ध करके लिखें)** (क) त्वं ह्यः कुत्र **आसीत्** । (ख) बालकाः पाठम् **अपठत्** । (ग) सः पत्रं **लिखन्तु** ।	3
17.	उचितैः संज्ञा-सर्वनामपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- आवाम्, त्वम्, सैनिकौ (क) .... ह्यः मातुलस्य गृहम् अगच्छः । (ख) .... रक्षिष्यतः । **(ग)** ....तरणताले अतराव ।	3

TIME: 20Hr30 MINS

_____

General instructions
  1. All questions are compulsory.

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Q1.Lisez et répondez :-

UNE VISITE INOUBLIABLE

 La semaine dernière , J'ai visité Jaipur –la ville capitale du Rajasthan .c'est une belle ville charmante aussi appelée 'la ville rose' Il y a beaucoup de forts magnifiques à voir .La cusine est délicieuse mais très épicée.On a vu des danses folkoriques. J'ai fait du shopping et j'ai acheté des choses traditionnelles.On a eu visite inoubliable.

A.Complétez avec un mot du texte :   5
a.Je suis ravi ; ma mère a acheté une jupe_____
b.Il ne peut pas rester dans cette _____
c.Nous avons _____ de devoirs aujourd'hui.
d.C'est un bon roman_____
e.J'aime la_____ indienne.

B.Dites vrai ou faux :   3
a.La cuisine est très épicée.
b.Il n'y a rien à avoir à Jaipur.
c.La ville est charmante.

C.Trouvez le contraire du texte .   2
a.laide –
b.vendu -

Q2.Mettez au pluriel :   5
a.Voilà une belle femme et son enfant.
b.Je prends mon manteau et mon chandail.
c.Ce garçon est beau .Il est mon voisin.
d. Quel livre lis-tu ? Quel est son titre ?
e.Ce vieux monsieur est mon voisin ?

Q3.Remplacez le présent par l'impératif :   5
a.Vous regardez le cinema
b.Tu te couche tard.
c.Nous nous levons tôt.
d.Tu es dans la maison.

e.Vous avez du courage.

Q4.Trouvez les questions :   5
a.**Non merci** , Je ne bois pas de the.
b.Je vais aun **cinema demain.**
c.Il rentre à **11h.**
d.C'est **Sachin Tendulkar.**
e.Si, Il est **beau.**

Q5.Complétez avec l'adjectif possessif.   2
a.Le corbeau ouvre_____ bec.
b.Les étudiants font_____travail.
c.Paul va au cinéma avec _____petite amie.
d._____manteaux sont dans notre armoire.

Q6.Complétez avec l'adjectif démonstratif :   2
a._____avoin ; _____bel avion.
b._____hiver ;_____long hiver.
c._____étudiante;_____étudiante sérieuse.
d._____ robes ;_____belle robes.

Q7.Complétez avec l'adjectif interrogatif :   2
a._____ est ton nom et_____est ton adresse ?
b ._____heure allez –vous à l'école et avec _____amis ?
c._____étudiantes invites-tu ?_____sont leurs prénoms ?
d._____ temps fait-il en avril et_____saison aimez-vous ?

Q8Complétez en utilisant en , au , à , aux :   2
a.Ils vont _____ Paris _____France.
b.Elle va_____Grèce et _____Allemagne.
c.Ils habitent _____ Delhi_____ Inde.
d.Je vais _____ Mexico_____Mexique.

Q9.Reconstituez les phrases :   2
a.va / livres/ les / en / prends / et / classe.
b. noir / regardez / tableau / le.
c.elle / sortez / h / 6 / à / dit / enfants / aux.
d.sachons / allons / leçons / les / à l' / et / école.

Q10.Complétez avec les fêtes.   5
a.Le 1er janvier , c'est le jour de l'an ou_____ .
b._____ c'est la fête nationale de la France.
c.On prépare la galette pendant la fête de _____

                                                                   2

d.Le 6 janvier , C'est la fête _____

e.Le vingt-cinq décembre , c'est_____

Q11.Corrigez les fautes :-   5

a.Cette tableau est grand.

b. Ses livres sont intéressants.

c.Cettes femmes sont coquettes.

d.Cet maision est petite.

e.Ce homme est beau.

Q12.Conjuguez :   5

a.prendre (négatf)

b.chercher du travail (interrogatif)

c.jeter une pomme (interrogatif)

d.boire un coca (négatif)

e.Se lever (affirmatif)

Q13.Écrivez une lettre à votre correspondant en décrivant vos loisirs et vos sports favoris.   5

Q14.Vous aleez chez le boucher pour acheter de la viande.Écrivez la dialogue.   5

Q15.Répondez :   5

a.Qu'est-ce que vous faites le week-end ?

b. Quand faites-vous le devoir ?

c.Où allez-vous pendant les vacances ?

d.Quand est-ce qu'on mange des œufs en chocolat ?À pâques ou à noël ?

e.Quelle est la capitale de la France ?

Q16.Dites vrai ou faux.   5

a.La France est connu pour ses fromages.

b.La loire est une monument.

c.Le camembert est un fromage français.

d. Chanel est un parfum.

e.Renault est une voiture française.